

Start a lifetime of learning









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How many legs?

Bugs come in all **shapes** and **sizes**. But you can often tell which **kind** it is by counting the legs. **Count** quickly, some **bugs** are fast!

If it has six legs then say hello to an insect! All insects have six legs. no legs

If you come across a creature with no legs, then you are probably looking at a worm or slug.

eight.

Can you count eight legs? If so, you are looking at a spider or scorpion. They always have eight legs.

Centipedes have lots of legs. They have one pair on each small body segment.

man

many

*00 One, two, three, four, five... too many legs to count? That's a millipede. Some have 750 legs!

Bug babies

All **creepy crawlies** lay eggs. Some **babies** are just **mini** versions of the adults, but the babies of **butterflies**, ants, bees, wasps, **beetles**, and flies look very

different than their parents.



Maggots are fly babies. They look different than flies. Maggots don't have legs or wings. Earwig babies are mini versions of their parents. As they grow they have to shed their skin. The egg hatches into a caterpillar.

he

The caterpillar turns into a pupa.

The butterfly lays an egg. complete

Caterpillars are amazing bugs. They build themselves a pupa and magically turn themselves into butterflies.

no more caterpillar! Inside the pupa an extraordinary change takes place.

The pupa splits and out climbs a beautiful butterfly.



Beetles

Beetles are **insects**.



Insects all have six legs, two pairs of wings, and three **body** parts. There are lots of different beetles—some are **spotted**, some have stripes, and **some** even have **horns**.

There are a lot of beetles in the world. In fact, almost half the insects in the world are beetles!

D

Fireflies are a kind of beetle that can glow in the dark. They talk to each other at night by flashing their bodies.

• abdomen

thorax

head

leg

wing

All insects have: • six legs

close up

• two pairs of wings

 three body parts: head, thorax abdomen When driver ants are on the hunt, up to 20 million travel in long lines. They kill and eat any small animal that gets in their way.

Ant armies

There are many **different** types of ant. They all live in groups where they work **together** to find **food** and take care of their young.



Honeypot ants live in the desert. A few ants act as a food store. They store nectar in their tummy for the other ants to eat.

13

These ants build nests by weaving leaves together. They use their babies, which make a special kind of silk, to sew the leaves together.

Nature's little helpers

Creepy crawlies may be small, but they are very important to our **planet**. Here are some jobs that they do that we couldn't CONT

do ourselves.

Aphids eat the plants that we like to eat. So we put ladybugs on the plants to eat the aphids!

Millipedes eat leaves and turn them to soil again.

is recycle

Earthworms bury into the soil making it healthy for plants.

If these bugs didn't eat rotten leaves, dead animals, and poop, our world would be very, very messy. Baby flies, called maggots, eat dead animals.

Dung beetles remove lots of poop by eating it.



bees city or

Honeybees live in big groups with one queen, lots of babies, and hundreds of workers.

Buzzing bees

queen bee

workers



What do you know about **bees?** They **buzz** a lot and they sting? But they are actually smart and **very** busy.



noner

Bees collect

nectar from flowers

and turn it into honey.

They feed the honey

to their babies. We like to eat it too!

A bee stings if it is upset or being attacked. A sting hurts.

ouch

ee dan

0

When a honey bee finds flowers, it does a dance to show other bees where to find it.

diantu/a are the giants of the spider world. Some are as big as this page.

....

Spiders



black-widow

All spiders have eight legs and

spider

some have eight eyes! Lots of people

are scared of spiders, but very

few are **poisonous** to us.

18

house spider

huntsman spide

All spiders make silk in their body. in their body, which they use to weave webs.

spider

010 The orb spider can weave a web in an hour. It waits until an insect flies into it. The spider then wraps the insect in silk and sucks its juices.

19

.



eye

Flies are everywhere, even in our homes. Most people don't like flies, but sometimes they're quite **useful.**

A fly's eyes are huge compared to its body. Flies can see much better than we can, and they are very fast—that's why they are difficult to swat!

naggo/s

eggs on rotten meat. The eggs hatch into maggots, which eat it. They like to eat nasty garbage.

ouse fly. has sticky feet. It can walk up walls and even upside down across ceilings. It rubs its feet to keep them sticky.

mosquito

21

tsetse fly

Some flies, such as the mosquito and tsetse fly, love to drink bod. They pierce b and leave you with an itchy bump.

•



I'm hungry Creepy crawlies eat lots of different kinds of food. Some are vegetarians, eating only plants, e dt e q , q and some eat **meat**. eat other bugs. This hawker dragonfly can catch insects in the eadly stin air while it's flying!

The scorpion hunts at night. When it finds its prey it stings it with its powerful tail and injects it with poison.

When caterpillars become butterflies

become butterflies they sip flower nectar through their straw-like tongues.

Lots of bugs are vegetarians, like this caterpillar. He munches through leaves with his strong jaws.

This katydid looks exactly like a leaf. It even has leafy stripes.

Hide and seek

Is there an insect on this tree**?** Yes, it's a looper moth! Look carefully at these pages. Can you find any bugs? Creepy crawlies make a delicious meal for other animals so many have sneaky ways to hide.

> Is it a stick or is it a stick insect? This insect looks just like a twig.

A pile of dead leaves? Actually there is a crafty cryptic moth on top! This is not bird poop—it's a king swallowtail caterpillar. What a disguise!

Don't go too close to smell this flower. There's a crab spider on it!

> Nobody wants to eat prickly thorns. So these treehopper bugs are nice and safe.

mosquito eadly Most people have been bitten by mosquitos—they leave itchy bumps. But in some countries, mosquitos spread a deadly disease called malaria.

Small but deadly

They may be **small** but some

bugs are very **dangerous**, spider. not just to each other

Not many spiders bite people but some are so poisonous that their bite can kill a man. The Sydney funnel-web spider is thought to be one of the most dangerous.

U

but to us too.

Locusts are grasshoppers that sometimes fly in groups of a thousand million. They can eat whole fields of a farmer's plants in a few hours and nothing can stop them.

Record holders

There are more **bugs** on **Earth** than any other creature for every person alive, there are **hundreds** of **millions** of bugs!

Biggest spider

The goliath bird-eating spider is as big as a dinner plate!

Biggest butterfly

The Queen Alexandra birdwing stretches to 12 in (30 cm).

Heaviest insect

The giant weta cricket is three times heavier than a mouse.



Most legs

Some millepedes have as many as 750 legs.

Loudest insect

The African cicada can be as loud as a rock concert!

Longest insect

Some stick insects are 12 in (30 cm) long.



Most poisonous insect

The harvester ant is very poisonous. One sting could kill a rat.

Fastest insect

Australian tiger beetles can run at 5 mph (8 kph).

Glossary



caterpillar The larva of a butterfly or moth.

insect A bug that has six legs and three body parts.

> larva The early life-stage of an insect.

maggot The worm-like baby of a fly.

nectar Sweet liquid produced by flowers. Bees collect nectar and turn it into honey.

> **prey** An animal that is killed and eaten by other animals.

pupa The resting stage of an insect's growth,

when the larva turns into an adult.

silk The tough, stretchy thread that spiders and caterpillars produce.

A bug that has eight legs and two body parts.







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